WHOLE FARM REVENUE PROTECTION
An Insurance Program to Manage Farm Risk

An Introduction for Appalachian Harvest Organic Grower Group
Presented by Wythe Morris, Consultant
AG Con Agricultural Consulting

USDA Risk Management Agency
Why crop insurance? Why do I need crop insurance?
- Crop insurance is one of many risk management options

5 Areas of Risk
- Marketing
- Financial
- Legal
- Human Resource
- Production (Crop insurance is a key way to plan for production risk)
WHOLE FARM REVENUE PROTECTION

- Revenue Safety net for all commodities grown under the farm entity under one policy
- Be at least a 3 commodity producer (diversify)
- Commodity- any agricultural product established or produced on your farm operation, except timber, forest, and forest products, animals for sport, show or pets.
- The number of qualifying commodities reduces the premium rate factor
- Five years of tax returns (less for new and beginning farmers - 3)
- Other requirements
TAKE HOME LESSON TODAY...

- Put WFRP on your radar
- Do your research
  - DOC 10.02
  - DOC 10.03
  - DOC 10.04
- Develop high level of recordkeeping skills
  - Traceability records
  - Direct Market records DOC 10.07
  - IRS Schedule F DOC 10.06
- **Work with a professional** who specializes in Crop Insurance
- Accumulate historical farm records that are required
• On your CD

FURTHER INFORMATION

Crop Insurance Basics: Duties, Myths and Truths
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Whole Farm Revenue Protection Modifications for 2016
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation Split Insurance Program
Risk Management Agency

Whole Farm Revenue Protection

August 2016

Crop Insurance Basics: Duties, Myths and Truths

Federal Crop Insurance Corporation Split Insurance Program
Risk Management Agency

Whole Farm Revenue Protection Modifications for 2016
This presentation was adapted from a Webinar entitled **CROP INSURANCE FOR SMALL FARMS- A Crash Course**, May 14, 2015.

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**Other contributors included:**
- National Good Food Network
- Wallace Center/ Winrock International
- USDA Risk Management Agency
Whole-Farm Revenue Protection (WFRP) provides a risk management safety net for all commodities on the farm under one insurance policy. This insurance plan is tailored for any farm with up to $8.5 million in insured revenue, including farms with specialty or organic commodities (both crops and livestock), or those marketing to local, regional, farm-identity preserved, specialty, or direct markets.

**Availability**
Whole Farm Revenue Protection is available in all counties in all 50 states.

**Causes of Loss**
WFRP provides protection against the loss of insured revenue due to an unavoidable natural cause of loss that occurs during the insurance period and will also provide carryover loss coverage if you are insured the following year. See the policy for a list of covered causes of loss.

**Important Dates**
**Sales Closing, Cancellation, & Termination Dates**
- Country Specific: January 31, February 28, or March 15

**Revised Farm Operation Report Dates**
- Calendar Year Filers: July 15
- Early Fiscal Year Filers: July 15
- Late Fiscal Year Filers: Fiscal Year Begins:
  - August or September: 30 days after start of fiscal year
  - October, November, or December: October 31

**Contract Change Date**
August 31

Talk to your crop insurance agent about the dates that apply for your county.

**Insurance Year**
The insurance year is a calendar year if taxes are filed by calendar year, or a fiscal year if taxes are filed by fiscal year.

**Reporting Requirements**
**Revenue Losses** - You must submit a notice of loss within 72 hours after discovery that revenue for the insurance year could be below the insured revenue. Inspections may be required for losses. You must have filed farm taxes for the insurance year before any claim can be made. You must make claims no later than 60 days after the date you submit farm tax forms to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Claim payments for a revenue loss under WFRP are paid within 30 days after the determination of a payment due as long as you are in compliance with the policy.

**Coverage**
WFRP protects your farm against the loss of farm revenue that you earn or expect to earn from:
- Commodities you produce during the insurance period, whether they are sold or not;
- Commodities you buy for resale during the insurance period; and
- All commodities on the farm except timber, forest, and forest products; and animals for sport, show, or pets.

The policy also provides replant coverage:
- For annual crops, except those covered by another policy;
- Equal to the cost of replanting up to a maximum of 20 percent of the expected revenue; and
- When 20 percent or 20 acres of the crop needs to be replanted.

The approved revenue amount is determined on your Farm Operation Report and is the lower of the expected revenue or your whole-farm historic average revenue. Coverage levels range from 50 percent to 85 percent. Catastrophic Risk Protection (CAT) coverage is not available.

The number of commodities produced on the farm are counted using a calculation that determines:
- If the farm has the diversification needed to qualify for the 80 and 85 percent coverage levels (there is a 3 commodity requirement);
- The amount of premium rate discount you will receive due to farm diversification; and
- The subsidy amount. Farms with 2 or more commodities will receive a whole-farm subsidy and farms with one commodity will receive a basic subsidy.

You can buy WFRP alone or with other buy-up level (additional) Federal crop insurance policies. When you buy WFRP with another policy, the WFRP premium is reduced due to the coverage provided by the other policy. If you have other Federal crop insurance policies at catastrophic coverage levels you do not qualify for WFRP.

This fact sheet gives only a general overview of the crop insurance program and is not a complete policy. For further information and an evaluation of your risk management needs, contact a crop insurance agent.
WFRP insured revenue is the total amount of insurance coverage provided by this policy. Your crop insurance agent and Approved Insurance Provider determine the farm’s approved revenue using the following information:

- Whole-Farm History Report;
- Farm Operation Report;
- Information regarding growth of the farm; and
- The coverage level you choose (50-85 percent) multiplied by the approved revenue is the insured revenue amount.

The Commodity Count in the table above is a measure of the farm’s diversification, determined by the policy. The calculation determines the minimum proportion of revenue a commodity must contribute to the farm to be considered a commodity for WFRP. A farm’s revenue would be evenly distributed if an equal percentage of revenue came from each commodity produced, for example, 25 percent from corn, 25 percent from soybeans, 25 percent from spinach, and 25 percent from carrots. The minimum proportion to be considered a countable commodity is one-third of that amount. In this example, for corn, soybeans, spinach, or carrots to each county, each commodity would have to make up at least 8.3 percent of the total revenue of the farm to count as a commodity under WFRP. Commodities with revenue below the minimum will be grouped together in order to recognize farm diversification (this will make the commodity count higher). The Maximum Farm Approved Revenue represents the maximum approved revenue for a farm to be eligible for WFRP given the $8.5 million maximum liability allowed.

Information You Provide

There are certain documents you must provide to your crop insurance agent to get Whole-Farm Revenue Protection insurance. For the Whole-Farm History Report you must provide:

- 5 consecutive years of Schedule F or other farm tax forms (it must be possible to complete a Substitute Schedule F form if you filed farm tax forms other than Schedule F). For the 2016 insurance year, tax forms from 2010-2014 are required except:
  - If you qualify as a Beginning Farmer or Rancher (BFR) under our procedures, you may qualify with 3 consecutive years of Schedule F or other farm tax forms if you also farmed during the past year (it must be possible to complete a Substitute Schedule F form if you filed farm tax forms other than Schedule F). For the 2016 insurance year, tax forms from 2010-2014 are required and you also must have farmed during 2015;
  - If you were physically unable to farm for 1 of the 5 required historic years but were farming the past year, you may qualify; or
  - If you are a tax exempt entity (such as a Tribal entity) and have acceptable third party records available that can be used to complete Substitute Schedule F tax forms for the 5-year history.
- Information supporting expansion if the producer wants the farm to be considered as an expanding operation due to the farm operation physically

<table>
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<th>Coverage Level</th>
<th>Commodity Count (Minimum Required)</th>
<th>Maximum Farm Approved Revenue</th>
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expanding over the last few years, including increased acres, added equipment such as a greenhouse, new varieties or planting patterns, or anything else that expands production capacity (other than just a change in price); and

- Any supporting information required, including other signed tax forms, to show the farm tax forms are accurate and were filed with the IRS.

**Growing Farm Operations**
Operations that have been expanding over time may be allowed to increase their approved revenue amount based on an indexing procedure, or, if you can show that your operation has physically expanded (land, animals, facilities, or production capacity) so it has the potential to produce up to 35 percent more revenue than the historic average, your insurance company may approve your operation as an expanding operation to reflect that growth in the insurance guarantee.

**Prices**
Prices used to value commodities must be based on the guidelines for prices in the policy. Organic prices that meet the policy requirements are allowed for valuing organic commodities.

**Market Readiness Operations and Post Production Costs**
Market readiness operations such as on-farm activities that occur in or near the field and are the minimum needed to remove the commodity from the field and make it market ready can be left in the allowable revenue and expenses. The cost from all other post production operations not considered market readiness operations must be removed from the allowable revenue and expenses, including activities that increase the value of a commodity such as canning, freezing, and processing activities.

**Losses**
Claims are settled after taxes are filed for the insurance year. A loss under the WFRP policy occurs when the WFRP revenue-to-count for the insured year falls below the WFRP insured revenue. Revenue-to-count for the insured year is:

- Revenue from the tax form that is approved revenue according to the policy;
- Adjusted by excluding inventory from commodities sold that were produced in previous years;
- Adjusted by including the value of commodities produced that have not yet been harvested or sold; and
- Any other adjustments required by the policy such as those from uninsured causes of loss.

If the farm operation does not have expenses during the insurance year of at least 70 percent of the approved expenses the insured revenue amount will be reduced by 1 percent for each percentage point the actual approved expenses are below 70 percent of the approved expenses.

**Premium Subsidy**
Farms with two or more commodities will receive a whole farm premium subsidy as long as the minimum diversification requirements are met. Farms with one commodity will receive the basic level of premium subsidy.

**Buying Whole Farm Revenue Protection**
You can buy Whole-Farm Revenue Protection from a crop insurance agent by the sales closing date shown for each county in the actuarial documents at webapp.rma.usda.gov/apps/actuarialinformationbrowser/. A list of crop insurance agents is available at all USDA service centers and on the RMA website at www.rma.usda.gov/tools/agent.html.

**Contact Us**
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